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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/668,953	09/23/2003	John McIntyre	JM-1-gw	3317
75	90 09/13/2006		EXAMINER	
Michael I. Kroll			PHILOGENE, PEDRO	
171 Stillwell Lane Syosset, NY 11791			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			3733	
			DATE MAILED: 09/13/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/668,953	MCINTYRE, JOHN				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Pedro Philogene	3733				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	, -					
Period fo	• •						
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ju	<u>ily 2006</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-9,12,13 and 15</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· · · · ·) Claim(s) <u>1,3-9,12,13,15</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
	•	ammer. Note the attache	JOHICE ACTION OF TOTAL PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
			·				
Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	∧ □	C.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,(DTO 412)				
2) Notic	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date						
3) 🔲 Infori Pape	nformal Patent Application						

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1,3-9,12,13,15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Siebrandt (2,435,850) in view of Nunamaker et al. (4,604,996).

With respect to the above claims, Siebrandt discloses an end cap (16) for the exposed ends of the pins and rod of an external fixation device, in combination comprising a fixation device, as best seen in FIG.1 for forming an exoskeletal brace for use on a limb of a patient, the fixation device having at least one connecting rod (5) a plurality of spaced connecting clamps (12,14) on the connecting rod, and a plurality of fixation pins (9) extending through each of the connecting clamp, the fixation pins (9) having free end away from the connecting clamps (12,14), the connecting rod (5) having first and second opposite ends; as best seen in the FIGS.; a separate end cap (16) releasably positioned on the ends of the fixation pins for each connecting clamp leaving a space between the end caps; wherein the end cap is having first and second opposing ends and a first and second opposing side surface, the first side surface being generally disposed away from the fixation pins and the second side surface being generally disposed toward the fixation pins, the second side surface having a cavity, as best seen in FIGS.2-4, therein.

It is noted that Siebrandt et al did not teach of an end cap of oval shape, and a pliable material filling the cavity and wherein the fixation pins are press-fitted in the pliable material; as claimed by applicant. However, in a similar art, Nunamaker et al., column 4, lines 62-68, column 5, lines 1-62, evidences the use of an end cap with pliable material filling the cavity and pins press-fitted in the pliable material in addition to embedding the ends of the pins will also act as a soft cushion to protect the mammal from contact with other parts of the apparatus.

Therefore, given the teaching of Nunamaker et al., it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Siebrandt et al, as taught by Nunamaker et el so that in addition to embedding the ends of the pins will also act as a soft cushion to protect the mammal from contact with other parts of the apparatus.

As to the end caps being separated, as claimed by applicant; it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the end caps of Siebrandt et al separable, thereby creating space between the end caps, since it has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art. Nerwin v. Erlichman, 168 USPQ 177,179.

Regarding the different shapes, as claimed by applicant. These particular configurations of the cover or end cap are nothing more than one of numerous configurations a person of ordinary skill would have found obvious for the purpose of providing a surface to the cover or end cap. See in re Dailey, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1976). Regarding the package containing the end cap, carrying the end cap in a

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package is old and well known in the art; as best seen in the pertinent art cited in the previous office action.

Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 7/12/06, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-15 under 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Siebrandt/Nunamaker et al.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

4,564,007

1-1986

Coombs et al.

Coombs et al disclose a rectangular cavity in the end cap.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pedro Philogene whose telephone number is (571) 272-4716. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on (571) 272 - 4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Pedro Philogene September 10, 2006 PEDRO PHILÒGENE PRIMARY EXAMINER